

Aquatic and Terrestrial Pollution

SUGGESTED SKILL

Visual Representations

2.A

Describe characteristics of an environmental concept, process, or model represented visually.



AVAILABLE RESOURCES

- Classroom Resource > AP Environmental Science Teacher's Guide
- External Resource >
 Environmental
 Literacy Council's AP
 Environmental Science
 Course Material
- The Exam > Chief Reader Report 2017, Q1
- The Exam > Student Performance Q&A 2014, Q2
- The Exam > Samples and Commentary (2017, Q1, 2014, Q2)
- Classroom Resource > Quantitative Skills in the AP Sciences (2018)

TOPIC 8.11 Sewage Treatment

Required Course Content

ENDURING UNDERSTANDING

STB-3

Human activities, including the use of resources, have physical, chemical, and biological consequences for ecosystems.

LEARNING OBJECTIVE

STB-3.N

Describe best practices in sewage treatment.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

STB-3.N.1

Primary treatment of sewage is the physical removal of large objects, often through the use of screens and grates, followed by the settling of solid waste in the bottom of a tank.

STB-3.N.2

Secondary treatment is a biological process in which bacteria break down organic matter into carbon dioxide and inorganic sludge, which settles in the bottom of a tank. The tank is aerated to increase the rate at which the bacteria break down the organic matter.

STB-3.N.3

Tertiary treatment is the use of ecological or chemical processes to remove any pollutants left in the water after primary and secondary treatment.

STB-3.N.4

Prior to discharge, the treated water is exposed to one or more disinfectants (usually, chlorine, ozone, or UV light) to kill bacteria.